

KOSYGIN, Yu.A.; KHAIN, V.Ye.

Scientific meeting of the Institute of Geology and Mineralogy of
the Academy of Sciences of the Georgian S.S.R. Izv.AN SSSR, Ser.
geol. 21 no.5:122-125 My '56. (MLRA 9:8)
(Georgia--Geology, Structural)

Kosygin, Yu.A.

KOSYGIN, Yu.A., prof.

Development of basic structural elements of the earth's crust and various types of deep tectonic movements. Trudy Akad. nauk, prom. no.3:3-21 '56. (MIRA 10:11)

(Geology, Structural)

KOSYGIN, Yu.A., professor

Tectonics of the U.S.S.R. Priroda 44 no.9:28-38 S '55. (MLRA 8:11)
(Geology, Structural)

KOSYGIN, Yu.A., doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk.

Geology exposes legends. Nauka i zhizn' 22 no.10:38-42 0 '55.
(Geological research) (MLRA 9:1)

Kosygin

KOSYGIN, Yu. A.; GORLOV, S. I.; KARPENKO, N. M.

Tectonics of the western Ciscaucasian marginal depression. Izv.
AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 20 no. 4: 92-101 J1-Ag'55. (MLRA 8:10)
(Caucasus, Northern--Geology, Structural)

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 4,
p 40 (USSR) 15-57-4-4318

AUTHOR: Kosygin, Yu. A.

TITLE: Tectonic Map of the Earth (Skhema tektoniki zemnogo shara)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Akad. neft. prom-sti, 1955, Nr 2, pp 3-17

ABSTRACT: The author published a tectonic map of the earth, based on maps of A. D. Arkhangel'skiy and N. M. Strakhov, and introducing improvements and additional details. The basic structural elements of the earth are described briefly. It may be concluded from the map that the area of the geosynclines continued to decrease and that development progressed toward the diminution of the tectonic processes and toward the replacement of active geosynclinal activity by stable platform conditions. However, recent features of the

Card 1/2

VASIL'YEV, V.G.; KOSYGIN, Yu.A., redaktor; BEKMAN, Yu.K., redaktor;
PERSHINA, Ye.G., redaktor; POLOSINA, A.S., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Natural gas handbook for a geologist] Spravochnik geologa po prirodnomu gazu. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neftianoi i gornotoplivnoi lit-ry. Vol.3. [Geological and prospecting work] Geologoposkovye raboty]. 1955. 712 p. (MIRA 8:5)
(Gas, Natural--Geology) (Prospecting)

SHCHERBAKOV, Dmitrii Ivanovich, akademik; KOSYGIN, Yu. A., redaktor;
USPENSKAYA, N.V., redaktor; ISLENT'YEVA, P.G., tekhnicheskiy re-
daktor

[New problems of Soviet geology] Novye problemy sovetskoi geolo-
gii. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1955. 31 p. (Vsesoluznoe obshchestvo
po rasprostraneniю politicheskikh i nauchnykh znani, Ser.3, no.11).
(Geology) (MLRA 8:7)

KOSYGIN, YU.A.

Osnovy tektoniki neftenosnykh oblastei
(Principles of the tectonics of oil-bearing regions).
Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1952. 512 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 6, No. 1, April 1953

KOSYGIN, Yu. A., doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk, professor; RYABUKHIN,
G.Ye., doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk, professor.

Main tectonic features of the Caspian Depression and main problems
in studying its deep-seated geology. Trudy VNIGNI no.2:40-48 '51.
(Caspian depression--Geology, Structural) (MLRA 10:4)

KOSYGIN, Yu.A.; GRATSIANOVA, O.P., redaktor; MURATOVA, V.M., redaktor;
~~TRITIMOV~~, A.V., tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Geologist's handbook on natural gas] Spravochnik geologa po
prirodnomy gazu. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo nef'tianoi i
gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry.Vol.1 [General geology] Obshchaia geo-
logia. 1951. 415 p. (MLRA 8:10)
(Geology)

KOSYGIN, YU. A.

"Base Drilling and Its Geological Foundation," Izvestiya Akademiy Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geologicheskaya, No. 1, 1950.

TRANSLATION AVAILABLE, W-14527

KOSYGIN, Yu.A.; LUCHITSKIY, I.V.; ROZANOV, Yu.A.

Experiments on gypsum deformations and its geological significance.
Bul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 24 no.2:3-19 '49. (MIRA 11:5)
(Gypsum)

KOSYGIN, YU. A.

"Mathematic Studies in Tectonics," Iz. Ak. Nauk SSSR, Ser. Geol., 2, 1949

KOSYGIN, Yu. A.

Kosygin, Yu. A., Luchitskiy, I. V., and Rozanov, Yu. A. - "Experiments on the deformation of gypsum, and their geological significance", Byulleten' Mosk. o-va ispytateley prirody, Otd. geol., 1949, Issue 2, p. 3-19.

SO: U-4631, 16 Sept. 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 24, 1953).

KOSYGIN, Yu.A.

Kosygin, Yu.A. "On the application of the principle of vertical pressure to the lesser tectonic structures of the Russian Platform", *Bulleten' Mosk. s-va ispytateley prirody, Otd. geol.*, 1948, Issue 6, p. 61-68.

vol. 53

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 9, 1949)

KOSYGIN, YU. A.

PA 66T57

USSR/Geology
Tectonics

Mar/Apr 1948

"Some Regularities in the Distribution of Salt
Domes in the South Emba Region," Yu. A. Kosygin,
N. A. Shvemberger, Yu. P. Nokitina, 4 pp

"Byul Mosk Obsh Ispy Prirod, Otdel Geolog" Vol
XXIII, No 2

Authors, taking as examples the distribution of
domes in the periphery of the Baychanasskiy de-
pression, show that the localization and orientation
of salt domes in the western Transkuzakhstan is
closely connected to the formation of the contem-
porary depressions in the Pre-Caspian syncline.

66T57

COOPER, Yu. A. Dr. Geology-Mineralogy, U.S.S.R.

Dissertation: "Salt Tectonics of the Alps Area." Inst. of Geology, U.S.S.R. Acad. Sci. USSR, 7 Feb 47.

SO: Vegetation Analysis, Feb 1947 (Project #1036)

KOSYGIN, YU. A.

CA

8

General tectonic classification of salt domes. Yu. A. Kosygin. *Neflyunoe Khasyustvo* 24, No. 6/7, 1113 (1946). Based on the theory of the mechanism of formation of salt domes, evolved by K. in 1940, a classification of the domes is outlined. It is essentially a general tectonic classification, since folding and other movements of the earth strata are regarded to be the principal factor affecting the formation and growth of salt domes. Numerous important details have been disregarded in this classification. They are: subdivision into shallow and deep domes, the shape of the salt core, and the characteristics of the overlying structure.

Bruno C. Metzner

ASM-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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KOSYGIN, Yu. A.

"The mechanics of formation of salt Domes", Byulleten' MOIP, otd. geolog.,
Vol. 20 (5-6), 1945.

KOSYGIN, M.K.; ROSLYAKOV, G.V.

"Principles of efficient ore prospecting methods" by V.I. Krasnikov.
Sov. geol. 4 no.1:154-156 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Irkutskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Ore deposits) (Prospecting)
(Krasnikov, V.I.)

KOSYGIN, M.K., ROSLYAKOV, G.V.

"Prospecting for mineral deposits" by A.A. Iakzhina. Reviewed
by M.K. Kosygin, G.V. Rosliakov. Sov. geol. 3 no.7:154-155 J1
'60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Irkutskiy gornometallurgicheskiy institut.
(Prospecting)
(Iakzhina, A.A.)

ANTIPOV, G.I.; IVASHCHENKO, M.A. [deceased]; KORABEL'NIKOVA, V.V.;
KOSYGIN, M.K., dotsent; KUZNETSOV, G.A., dotsent; PEKARIN,
P.M.; ROSLYAKOV, G.V., dotsent; STRAKHOV, L.G.; CHERNYSHEV,
G.B., red.; TKALICH, S.M., red.; MUKHIN, S.S., red.izd-va;
GUROVA, O.A., tekhn.red.

[Angara-Ilim iron ore deposits of trap formation in the southern
Siberian Platform] Angaro-Ilimskie zhelezorudnye mestorozhdenia
trappovoi formatsii iuzhnoi chasti Sibirskoi platformy. Moskva,
Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po geol. i okhrane neдр, 1960.
375 p. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo geologii i okhrany neдр.
 2. Geologi Irkutskogo geologicheskogo upravleniya (for Antipov,
Ivashchenko, Korabel'nikova, Pekarina, Strakhov).
 3. Irkutskiy
gornometallurgicheskii institut (for Kosygin, Roslyakov).
 4. Ir-
kutskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (for Kuznetsov).
 5. Glavnyy
inzh. Irkutskogo geologicheskogo upravleniya (for Tkalich).
- (Angara-Ilim region--Iron ores)

KOSYGIN, M.K.

Method of prospecting for iron ore deposits in the Angara-Ilim area.
Trudy MGRI 31:3-10 '57. (MIRA 11:6)
(Angara Valley--Iron ores)
(Prospecting)

KOSYGIN, M. K., Doc Geol-Mineral Sci -- (diss) "Methods of prospecting, surveying, and appraisal of ~~deposits~~ iron-ore deposits in the Angara^a-Ilim~~sk~~ region." Irkutsk, 1957. 30 pp. (Min Higher Ed USSR, Mos Geol ^{Prospecting} ~~Research~~ Inst im S. Ordzhonikidze, Irkutsk Min Metallurg^{ing} Inst), 150 copies. (KL, 9-58, 114)

15-57-10-14276

On the Structure and Genesis of the Angara-Ilim Iron Deposits ()

porphyrites in the form of semicircles, horseshoes, columns, veins and irregular bodies, all of which are commonly altered by hydrothermal solutions. Crater-type brecciates and necks were found in some localities. These volcanic craters and vents are associated in space and in genetic aspects with the ore bodies, the main mass of which is metasomatic, brecciated and intruded, and which may also appear in the form of vein magnetite. In some separate cases the veins enter surrounding sedimentary rocks, but such penetrations are very shallow. The shapes and sizes of the craters vary: they reach from 0.1 km² to 1.3 km² in area and are of elliptical or oval form. In some places two or three craters are connected by deep canals and some of them may be joined at a certain depth. The authors concluded that, prior to the formation of ores, the region underwent several (no less than four) periods of volcanic activity associated with trap magma. The hydrothermal process of ore formation took place in several stages. In the first stage the ore-bearing solution caused the formation of metasomatic rocks, followed by

Card 2/3

15-57-10-14276
Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 10,
p 143-144 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Kosygin, M.K., Roslyakov, G.V.

TITLE: On the Structure and Genesis of the Angara- Ilim Iron
Deposits (K voprosu o strukture i genezise angaro-ilimskikh
zhelezorudnykh mestorozhdeniy)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Irkut. gorno-metallurg. in-ta, 1956, Nr 10,
pp 144-151

ABSTRACT: Detailed study of this location led to the discovery
of volcanic craters and pipes which represent ancient volcanic
vents of the central type. They are filled with
the tuffaceous rocks made up of vitroclastic tuffs,
tuffites, tuff breccia, which are commonly fused
and in places completely altered into garnet-
diopside-calcite aggregates. Within these vents and
at their contacts with sedimentary rock lie diabase

Card 1/3

KOSYGIN, L.I.

Improving automatic cold-upsetting machine. Mashinostrotel'
no.1:16 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:1)
(Forging machinery--Technological innovations)

KOZLOV, F.R.; KOSYGIN, A.N.; ZASYAD'KO, A.F.; NESMEYANOV, A.N.; ANTROPOV, P.Ya.; YELUTIN, V.P.; RUDAKOV, A.P.; KIRILLIN, V.A.; TOPCHIYEV, Aleksandr V.; BLAGONRAVOV, A.A.; SHEVYAKOV, L.D.; SHILIN, A?A?; MEL'NIKOV, N.V.; KRASNIKOVSKIY, G.V.; TOPCHIYEV, Aleksey V.; BOYKO, A.A.; BRATCHENKO, B.F.; GRAFOV, L.Ye.; KUZ'MICH, A.S.; KRATENKO, I.M.; MAN'KOVSKIY, G.I.; PLAKSIN, I.N.; AGOSHKOV, M.I. SPIVAKOVSKIY, A.O.; POCHENKOV, K.I.; KRASOZOV, I.P.; KOZHEVIN, G.V.; LINDENAU, N.I.; KUZNETSOV, K.K.

A.S.Skochinskii; obituary. Vest.AN SSSR 30 no.11:73-75 N '60. (MIRA 13:11)
(Skochinskii, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, 1874-1960.)

KOZLOV, F.R.; KOSYGIN, A.N.; ZASYAD'KO, A.F.; NESMEYANOV, A.N.;
ANTROPOV, P.Ye.; YELYUTIN, V.P.; RUDAKOV, A.P.; KIRILLIN, V.A.;
TOPCHIYEV, Aleksandr V.; BLAGOMRAVOV, A.A.; SHEVYAKOV, L.D.;
SHILIN, A.A.; MEL'NIKOV, N.V.; KRASNIKOVSKIY, G.V.; TOPCHIYEV,
Alekssey V.; BOYKO, A.A.; BRATCHENKO, B.F.; GRAFOV, L.Ye.; KUZ'MICH,
A.S.; KRATENKO, I.M.; MAN'KOVSKIY, G.I.; PLAKSIN, I.N.; AGOSHKOV, M.I.;
SPIVAKOVSKIY, A.O.; POCHENKOV, K.I.; KRASOZOV, I.P.; KOZHEVIN, G.V.;
LINDENAU, N.I.; KUZNETSOV, K.K.

Academician A.A.Skochinskii; obituary. Mast.ugl. 9 no.11:22 N '60.
(MIRA 13:12)

(Skochinskii, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, 1873-1960)

KOSYGIN, Aleksey Nikolayevich

[Speech at the 22d Congress of the CPSU, October 21, 1961] Rech'
na XXII s"ezde KPSS, 21 oktiabria 1961 goda. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo
polit. lit-ry, 1961. 23 p. (MIRA 14:11)
(Communist Party of the Soviet Union)
(Russia--Industries)

KOSYGIN, A.N.

Abundance can not be an evil. Nauka i zhizn' 27 no.10:1 0 '60.
(MIRA 13:10)

1. Pervyy zamestitel' Predsedatelya Soveta Ministrov SSSR.
(Automatic control) (Social conditions)

KOSYGIN, A.N.

[Plan for the development of the national economy of the U.S.S.R. in 1960; report and closing address at the third session of the Fifth Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R., October 27 and 30, 1959. Law of the state development plan for the national economy of the U.S.S.R. in 1960] O plane razvitiia narodnogo khoziaistva SSSR na 1960 god; doklad i zakliuchitel'nye slova na III sessii Verkhovnogo Soveta SSSR piatogo sozyva 27 i 30 oktiabria 1959 goda. Zakon o gosudarstvennom plane razvitiia narodnogo khoziaistva SSSR na 1960 god. Moskva, Gosplanizdat, 1959. 59 p. (MIRA 13:3)
(Russia--Economic policy)

KOSYGIN, A.N.

For a close connection between science and society. Vest. AN SSSR
31 no.7:90-106 JI '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Pervyy zamestitel' Predsedatelya Soveta Ministrov SSSR.
(Research)

KOSYGIN, A.; NOVIKOV, V.; MURAV'YEVA, N.; ZOTOV, V.; AKIMOV, I.;
SPORYSHEV, V.; KOLOSOVA, V.; CHESNOKOV, N.; NEFEDOVA, O.;
BOGAYEVA, A.; PIKOVSKIY, G.; KARMANOV, M.; SIYTAM, Ye.;
KHODAKOVA, S.; KUSHNER, P.; BLYAKHMAN, I.; BASSIAS, L.;
KINESHEMTSEVA, A.; REZNIKOV, M.; KALININ, S.; MILANOVA, D.;
VENGEROVA, R.; AGROSKINA, M.; RATNER, B.; NARODETSKIY, B.;
MARKOVA, L.; GOLUBENKOVA, N.; TSEKHANSKAYA, S.; TEREENT'YEVA, N.;
NESTEROVA, S.; AKSENOV, S.

D.M.Khazan-Andreeva; obituary. Tekst.prom. 21 no.12:90 D '61.

(MIRA 15:2)

(Khazan-Andreeva, Dora Moiseevna, 1894-1961)

KOSYGIN, A.

Raise the standard of work of the State Bank to meet the growing demands of a further improvement in business accounting. Den. 1 kred. 12 no.3:5-12 S'54. (MLRA 8:2)
(Banks and banking) (Industrial management)

Andreyev, A.; BERIYA, L.; BULGANIN, N.; VOZNESENSKIY, N.; VOROSHILOV, K.;
KAGANOVICH, L.; KOSYGIN, A.; KUZNETSOV, A.; MALENKOV, G.; MIKOYAN, A.;
MOLOTOV, V.; PONOMARENKO, P.; POPOV, G.; SUSLOV, M.; KHRUSHCHEV, N.;
SHVERNIK, N.; SHKIRYATOV, M.

Andriev Aleksandrovich Zhdanov; obituary. Vypel 11 no.17:1-4
S '48. (MIRA 12:9)
(Zhdanov, Andrei Aleksandrovich, 1896-1948)

KOSYGIN, G.M.

Characteristics of the winter feeding habits of black grouse
and raven in Lenskiy District, Yakutia. Ornitologia no.5:
147-148 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

(Lenskiy District (Yakutia)---Black grouse)

(Lenskiy District (Yakutia)---Ravens)

(Lenskiy District (Yakutia)---Birds---food)

KOSYANSKIY, B.S.

Using the PKS-20 steam dryer for drying corn germ. Sakh. prom.
37 no.8:58-60 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Benderskiy krakhmalo-patochnyy zavod.
(Corn starch) (Drying apparatus)

BARTOSHKINA, P.; VASIL'YEV, A.D.; KATOVSKAYA, A. [Katouskaia, A.];
KOSYKOVA, M. [Kas'ianava, M.] (g.Mogilev); LIPNITSKIY, S. [Lipnitski, S.]

Letters to the editor. Rab. 1 sial. 37 no.1:20 Ja '61.

(MIRA 14:2)

1. Nachal'nitsa zhenskogo soveta Mogilevskogo zheleznodorozhnogo uzla (for Bartoshkina). 2. Zaveduyushchiy Povetskogo fel'dshesko-akuzhenskogo punkta (for Vasil'yev). 3. Kolkhoznitsa sel'skhoz-yaystvennoy arteli imeni Kalinina Krychovskogo rayona Mogilevskoy oblasti.

(Aged)

(White Russia--Rural conditions)

IL'SKIY, Aleksandr Loneinovich; KOS'YANOV, V.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent; ANDREYEV, M.M., dotsent, retsenzent; PETROVA, Ye.A., inzhener, vedushchiy redaktor; POLOSINA, A.S., tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Calculation and construction of boring equipment] Raschet i konstruirovaniye burovoego oborudovaniia. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neftianoi i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1957. 551 p. (MLRA 10:3)
(Boring machinery)

VULAKH, V.L.; IVANOVA, V.V.; KOS'YANOV, G.I.; PANASYUK, V.V., kandidat
fiziko-matematichnikh nauk, redaktor

[Scientific works of Lvov scientists; engineering and applied
mechanics. A biobibliography] Naukovi pratsi uchenykh L'vova;
tehnika i prykladna mekhanika. Bio-bibliografichni materialy.
L'viv, 1956. 132 p. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Akademiya nauk URSR, Kiyev. L'vivs'ka biblioteka.
(Bibliography--Lvov--Engineers)
(Lvov--Engineers--Bibliography)

KOS'YANENKO, V.G., akademik

"Structural principles of the skeleton" by B. Kummer. Reviewed
by V.G. Kas'ianenko. Arkh. anat. gist. i embr. 38 no. 5:115-
117 My '60. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Adres avtora: Kiyev, Vladimirskaia ul., 55, Institut zoologii
AN USSR.

(BONES) (KUMMER, B.)

AUTHORS: Kos'yanenko, V.A., Finkel'shteyn, Ye.N.

119-2-12/13

TITLE: The Projector 411-1 (Proyektor 411-1).

PERIODICAL: Priborostroyeniye, 1958, Nr 2, pp. 32-32 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This projector serves the purpose of measuring small details by enlargement and by the simultaneous use of the co-enlargement of a scale. The interchangeable objectives permit 10 - 200-fold enlargement. With an additional device it is possible to determine the diameters of small holes and the distances between the axis of the holes. There is 1 figure.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1 1. Projectors-USSR 2. Opaque projectors-Applications

APTEKAR', A.; BARATS, I.; BIDA, L.; KOS'YANENKO, S.

Method based on personnel norms used for planning labor productivity
in ferrous metallurgy. Biul. nauch. inform.: trud i zar. plata' 4
no.11:3-11 '61. (MIRA 14:12)
(Ukraine--Steel industry--Labor productivity)

SUMIN, Ivan Petrovich; KUSHNEROV, Petr Ivanovich; KOS'YANENKO, Filipp Ivanovich; OKHRIMENKO, V.A., otv. red.; BERESLAVSKAYA, L.Sh.,
tekh. red.

[Using the long hole method for coal breakage in the Kuznetsk Basin mines] Primenenie dlinnohpurovogo sposoba otboiki uglya na shakhtakh Kuzbassa. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1960. 24 p. (MIRA 15:1)
(Kuznetsk Basin--Coal mines and mining)

KOSYAN, Sh.A.; BARSEGYAN, G.B.

Dust-filled air of the working places in the casting house
of the Armenian Dynamoelectric Machine Plant. Zhur. eksp. i
klin. med. 3 no.6:79-83 '63 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kafedra gigiyeny truda Yerevanskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

GOPUS, A.Ye.; KATS, Yu.A.; KHOKHRYAKOV, A.N.; KOSYAKOVA, V.I.

Testing automobile radiators made of arsenic brass. Trudy
Giprotsvetmetobrabotka no.20:280-286 '61. (MIRA 15:~)
(Automobile--Radiators) (Brass--Testing)

MILOVANOVA, L.V.; KOSYAKOVA, S.A.

Operating experience of P.E. Erastov, best spinner. Khim.
volok. no.3:65 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Klinskiy kombinat.
(Klin--Rayon spinning)

GOPIUS, A.Ye., kand.tekhn.nauk; MINKIN, M.L., kand.tekhn.nauk; NAUMOVA,
M.M.; KATS, Yu.A.; KHOKHRYAKOV, A.N.; KOSYAKOVA, V.I.

Investigating materials for radiator pipes of automobile engines.
Avt.prom. 28 no.5:15-17 My '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut
obrabotki tsvetnykh metallov, Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena
Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy
i avtomotorny institut i Gor'kovskiy avtozavod.
(Automobiles--Radiators) (Brass--Testing)

CHERTOUSOV, Mikhail Dmitriyevich, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki RSFSR, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk[deceased]; KOZHEVNIKOV, M.P., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; YAKOVLEV, N.A., starshiy prepod., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; ASTAFICHEVA, T.N., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; KOSYAKOVA, G.N., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; MOZHEVITINOV, A.L., prof., red.; ZHITNIKOVA, O.S., tekhn. red.

[Hydraulics]Gidravlika; spetsial'nyi kurs. Izd.4., ispr. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1962. 629 p. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Kafedra gidravliki Leningraskogo politekhnicheskogo instituta (for Kozhevnikov, Yakovev, Astaficheva, Kosyakova). (Hydraulics)

SOV/124-58-11-12614

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 11, p 97 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Kosyakova, G. N.

TITLE: The Hydraulic Jump in a Steeply Sloping Stream Bed (Gidravlicheskiy pryzhok v rusle s bol'shim uklonom dna)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. politekhn. in-ta, 1955, Nr 178, pp 71-79

ABSTRACT: It is pointed out that the problem of the hydraulic jump can be considered at this time as sufficiently fully studied for stream beds with a horizontal bottom only. The author derives the equations of a jump in a rectangular stream bed having a steep slope, utilizing the momentum law for that purpose. This is accomplished under the premise that the free stream surface downstream of the jump is horizontal. One of the parameters in the fundamental equation obtained from the momentum law is determined empirically. As is noted by the author, the proposed relationship is valid for a broader range of values of bottom slopes than the relationships proposed earlier by B. A. Bakhmetev (1938) and Kindsvater (Proc. Amer. Soc. Civil Engrs., 1942, Nr 9). The range of applicability of this relationship is $i_k < i < i_k/3$, where i_k is the critical slope. O. F. Vasil'yev

Card 1/1

KOSYAKOVA, G.A.; FAYN, I.A.

Consumers' goods of ceramics. Stek. i ker. ll no.7:3-4 J1 '54.
(Ceramic industries) (MLRA 7:?)

KOSYAKOV, Yu.A.

Automatically controlled unit for mechanized painting and drying
of plastic motion-picture screens. Lakokras.mat.i ikh prim.
no.6:66-70 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Gosudarstvennaya vsesoyuznaya proizvodstvennaya kontora po
lakokrasochnym pokrytiyam Glavkhimplastkraski Ministerstva
khimicheskoy promyshlennosti SSSR.
(Motion-picture screens--Painting)
(Automatic control)

EYGELES, M.A.; ANIONOVA, T.N.; KUZNETSOV, V.P.; VOLOVA, M.L.;
SAKHAROVA, Ye.P.; KOSYGIN, V.V.; KISLOV, A.V.; BALASHOVA,
G.G.

Simultaneous production of high-quality fluorite concentrates
from multicarbonates ores low in fluorite. TSvet. met. 37 no.11:
32-35 N 164. (MIRA 18:4)

KOSYAKOV, V.S., inzh.; MOLOSTOV, V.N., inzh.; NAKHALOV, V.A., inzh.

Resistance of materials used for rod-type grids of MP-VTI fly-ash
collectors. Elek.sta.29 no.3:86 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:5)
(Power plants--Equipment and supplies)
(Materials--Testing)

L 27603-63

ACCESSION NR: AP5001642

slightly, and that branching of the chain causes a decrease in the distribution coefficients. The nature of the diluent also has a pronounced effect on the extraction. Orig. art. has: 7 figures, 5 formulas and 11 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 24Jun64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 10

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 071

Card 2/2

~~17763583~~ EWP(m)/EPP(n)-2/ENP(t)/ENP(b) Doc# EJP(c) JB/WW/30

ACCESSION NO: AP5001642

8/0186/64/006/006/0635/0663

AUTHOR: Gurayev, Ye. S.; Koryakov, V. N.; Yakovlev, G. N.

25
29
6

TITLE: Extraction of actinide elements with dialkyl phosphoric acids

SOURCE: Radiokhimiya, v. 6, no. 6, 1964, 655-665

TOPIC TAGS: actinide element, uranium extraction, neptunium extraction, plutonium extraction, americium extraction, cerium extraction, dialkyl phosphoric acid

ABSTRACT: The object of the work was to study the extraction of uranium (VI), neptunium (V), plutonium (IV), americium (III) and cerium (III) with dialkyl phosphoric acids from nitric acid solutions and the influence on the extraction of such factors as the length and degree of branching of the carbon atom chain of the alkyl radical, concentration of the extracting agent in the organic phase, concentration and type of the acid in the aqueous phase, and type of the neutral diluent. The nature of the dependence of the distribution coefficients of Am (III), Pu (IV), and U (VI) on the concentration of the extracting agent in the organic phase and on the content of hydrogen ions in the aqueous phase was elucidated. It was shown that when the carbon chain of the radical in the dialkyl-phosphate increases in length, the extractability of these elements increases

Card 1/2

ZAYTSEV, A.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.N.; RYKOV, A.G.; SOBOLEV, Yu.P.;
YAKOVLEV, G.N.

[Disproportionation of americium (V)] Disproportsioniro-
vanie ameritsiia (V). Moskva, In-t atomnoi energii AN SSSR,
1960. 18 p. (MIRA 16:12)
(Americium)

PENNEMEN, R. [Penneman, R.A.]; KINEN, T. [Keenan, T.K.]; KOSYAKOV, V.N.
[translator]; YAKOVLEV, G.N., red.; SAKHAROV, V.M., red.;
DOTSENKO, V., tekhn. red.; OROTEYEVA, Yu., tekhn. red.

[Radiochemistry of americium and curium] Radiokhimiia ameri-
tsiia i kiurii. Pod red. G.N. Iakovleva. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.
lit-ry, 1961. 96 p. (MIRA 15:1)
(Americium) (Curium) (Radiochemistry)

ZAYTSEV, A.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.N.; RYKOV, A.G.; SOBOLEV, Yu.P.; YAKOVLEV, G.N.

Kinetics of reduction of americium(V) by hydrogen peroxide. Radio-
khimii 2 no.3:348-350 '60. (MIRA 13:10)
(Americium) (Hydrogen peroxide)

ZAYTSEV, A.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.N.; RYKOV, A.G.; SOBOLEV, Yu.P.; YAKOVLEV, G.N.

Disproportionation of americium(V). Radiokhimiia 2 no.3:339-347 '60.
(MIRA 13:10)

(Americium)

ZAYTSEV, A.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.N.; RYKOV, A.G.; SOBOLEV, Yu.P.;
YAKOVLEV, G.N.

[Kinetics of americium (V) reduction by hydrogen peroxide]
Kinetika vosstanovleniia ameritsiia (V) perekis'iu vodoroda.
Moskva, In-t atomnoi energii AN SSSR, 1960. 11 p.
(MIRA 16:12)

(Americium) (Reduction, Chemical)

Disproportionation of Am (IV)

SOV/89-7-1-13/26

$2\text{AmO}_2^+ + 4\text{H}^+ = \text{AmO}_2^{2+} + \text{Am}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ can be proved. The yields of individual reactions depending upon the molar concentration of the various solutions are mentioned. There are 1 table and 8 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: November 17, 1958

Card 2/2

2: (1), 5 (2)

AUTHORS:

Zaytsev, A. A., Kosyakov, V. N., Rykov, A. G., Sobolev, Yu. P., Yakovlev, G. N. SOV/89-7-1-13/26

TITLE:

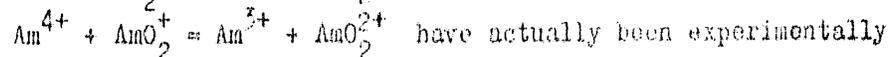
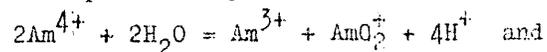
Disproportionation of Am (IV) (Disproportsiionirovaniye Am (IV))

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 7, Nr 1, pp 69-71 (USSR)

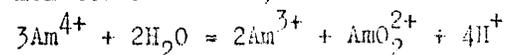
ABSTRACT:

As a preliminary result, it is said that the reactions



proved. The production of the various chemical solutions and the times needed for working-up the material are given. The concentration of Am (III), Am (IV), and Am (VI) was measured by means of the quartz spectrometer SF-4. The material to be measured was filled into a hermetically closable cylindrical cuvette of 2 cm length, and was measured in the spectrometer in this condition. Total americium concentration was determined

from the α -activity of the Am^{241} . Apart from the initially mentioned results, it was further stated that the reactions:



Card 1/2

The Radiolytic Reduction of Am (VI) and Am (V)

SOV/89-7-1-7/26

tion of AmO_2^{2+} , the observed and calculated reduction rate of AmO_2^{2+} in 0.1 M H_2SO_4 , as well as the yields of H_2O_2 and of the hydrogen radicals in sulphuric- and hydrochloric acid are given in tables. There are 7 figures, 3 tables, and 13 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: November 17, 1958

Card 3/3

The Radiolytic Reduction of Am(VI) and Am(V)

SOV/89-1-1-7/26

investigated. The following is to be said with respect to the experimental part: Chemically pure Am^{241} was used, which contained less than 1% impurities. The chemical reagents were purified separately although they were "chemically pure". The americium concentrations in the solutions were radiochemically measured. The production of Am(V), Am(VI), the self-reduction of Am(V) and Am(VI), and the accumulation of hydrogen peroxide in Am^{241} -solutions are described in detail. The results obtained are partly shown by diagrams, and the following curves deserve special mention: a) radiolytic reaction of americium in 2.0 M HClO_4 and in 0.5 M HClO_4 & 1.0 M H_2SO_4 ; radiolytic reaction of Am(V) and accumulation of H_2O_2 in 1.0 M H_2SO_4 . b) Variation of the average valence state (\bar{N}) of americium in the radiolytic reduction in 9.0 M HNO_3 at various americium concentrations. c) Variation of the average valence state (\bar{N}) of americium in the radiolytic reaction in 0.5 M HNO_3 up to 14.3 M HNO_3 . The rates and the yields of the radiolytic redox-

Card 2/3

5 (2)

AUTHORS:

Zaytsev, A. A., Kosyakov, V. N.,
 Rykov, A. G., Sobolev, Yu. P.,
 Yakovlev, G. F.

SOV/89-7-1-7/26

TITLE:

The Radiolytic Reduction of $\text{Am}(\text{VI})$ and $\text{Am}(\text{V})$ (Radiatsionno-skoeye vosstanovleniye $\text{Am}(\text{VI})$ i $\text{Am}(\text{V})$)

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 7, No 1, pp 37 - 46 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The constants of the radiolytic reaction rate of AmO_2^{2+} in hydrochloric-, nitric- and sulphuric acid are experimentally determined, the radiation yields of the reduction products furnishing the values for calculating the reaction rate. If these quantities are combined with the production of hydrogen peroxide, it is possible herefrom to draw conclusions as to the contribution made by hydrogen radicals in the reduction reaction. On the basis of experimental data it is believed to be possible to give a mechanism for the radiolytic reduction of AmO_2^{2+} and AmO_2^+ . From the equations defined for the reduction rate of AmO_2^+ it is possible to calculate the production of hydrogen peroxide and of hydrogen radicals in the solutions in-

Card 1/3

PHASE I BOOK EXPLANATION 807/5084

International Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy. 2d, Geneva, 1958.
 Doklady sovetskikh ucheybkh. [t.k.] Khimiya radioelementov i radiatsionnoykh
 prevrashcheniy (reports of Soviet Scientists. A. Chemistry of Radio-
 elements and Radiation Transformations) Moscow, Akademiya, 1959. 343 p.
 8,000 copies printed. (Series: Ita: Study)

Ed. (title page): A. P. Vinogradov, Academician; Ed.: V. I. Labazov, Tech. Ed.:
 Ya. I. Mezel.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for scientists and engineers
 interested in the applications of radioactive materials in science and
 industry.

COVERAGE: The book contains 26 separate studies concerning various aspects of
 the chemistry of certain radioactive elements and the processes of radiation
 effect on matter. These reports discuss present-day methods of reprocessing
 irradiated nuclear fuel, research in the chemistry of mercury, thorium,
 uranium, plutonium, and americium, problems related to the sorption and bury-
 ing of radioactive wastes, the radiolysis of aqueous solutions and of
 organic compounds, the mechanism of polymer chain grafting, and the effect
 of radiation on natural and synthetic polymers. V. P. Prudkov edited the
 present volume. Most of the reports are accompanied by references. Con-
 tributors to individual investigations are mentioned in annotations. Con-
 tents of the Table of Contents.

ALLOCHIKOVA, I. V., L. L. FAYTASOVA, K. V. LIZIS, Y. V. POKIN, and K. I.
 CHEBOVNIKOV. Production and Properties of Several Heavy Fluorides of
 Trivalent Plutonium (Report No. 2204) 137

LABAZOV, G. S., and V. N. KOSYALOV. Investigations on the Chemistry of
 Americium (Report No. 2127) 137
 [D. S. Gornob-Germanov is mentioned as having supplied the material
 for the second section of this study.]

KRYZHAVITSKIY, O. Ye., V. D. MIKOLAYSKIY, S. M. SHARAFIYEV, A. KURANOV, and
 V. S. SHMIDT. Contribution to the Chemistry of Radioactive Radiumium
 (Report No. 2143) 166

SPITSYU, V. I., V. D. ZHUKOVSKAYA, A. P. BAZOVA, V. V. GURACK, E. M.
 SPIRIDONOV, Ye. M. VETROV, and G. A. ZHUKOV. Study of the Migration of
 Radioactive Elements in Soils (Report No. 2207) 174

VORONOVSKIY, S. A., G. A. SEREDY, P. F. DOLYBIN, and L. I. BASKOV.
 Detoxication of Low-Salt-Content and Low-Activity Waste Waters From
 Radiochemical Plants (Report No. 2024) 189

BOL'SHAKOV, K. A., A. T. AMONIN, V. T. BORSHEV, F. V. RUSSEN, and
 others. Experimental Industrial Plant for Purification of Laboratory
 Waste Waters Contaminated with Radioactive Elements (Report No. 2025) 194

BEKHOV, V. G., and Ye. M. KRUPP. On the Possibility of Burying Radioac-
 tive Wastes in Deep-water Depressions of the Ocean (Report No. 2098) 204

PROKHOROVA, M. A., and Ya. M. KOLOTYRKHIN. Investigations Into the
 Radio-Chemistry of Aqueous Solutions (Report No. 2022) 211
 [The investigations were carried out at the Laboratoriya radiatsion-
 noy khimii fiziko-khicheskogo instituta in I. Ya. Karpov

Laboratory of Radiation Chemistry of the Physicochemical Institute
 under the direction of M. A. Priskunin, V. D.
 Orlov, Ye. M. Barelko, and A. I. Chernova. The data on oxidation
 effect of reactions taking place in aqueous solutions under the labor-
 atory conditions were obtained from investigations made at the Labor-
 atory of Radiochemistry of the Institute of Nuclear Energy under the direc-
 tion of Ya. M. Kolotyrkhin, M. Ya. Buzin, and G. S. Yuridov. The following are mentioned
 as having made a study of cathodic reactions such as the formation
 of Ayes from leuco bases: V. D. Orlov, A. A. Zaslavskaya, L. I.
 Belen'kiy, T. V. Broberg, and M. Ye. Gerasimova.]

SHUKH, E. A., V. I. MEDVEDOVSKIY, and V. V. SHAROV. Radiolysis and
 Radiation Oxidation of Organic Compounds (Report No. 2274) 229
 [The following are mentioned: N. S. Kolosova and V. P. Furlberg,

YOSVAKOV, Y. N.

ZAYTSEV, A. A., KOSYAKOV, V. N. RYKOV, A. G., SOBOLEV, Yu. P. and YAKOVLEV, G. N.
(Inst of Atomic Energy AS USSR)

"Investigation of Several Oxidation-Reduction Reactions of Americium"

Isotopes and Radiation in Chemistry, Collection of papers of
2nd All-Union Sci. Tech. Conf. on Use of Radioactive and Stable Isotopes and
Radiation in National Economy and Science, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958, 380pp.

This volume published the reports of the Chemistry Section of the
2nd AU Sci Tech Conf on Use of Radioactive and Stable Isotopes and Radiation
in Science and the National Economy, sponsored by Acad Sci USSR and Main
Admin for Utilization of Atomic Energy under Council of Ministers USSR
Moscow 4-12 Apr 1957.

KOSYAKOV, V. N.; YAKOVLEV, G. N.; CHULKOV, P. M.; DEDOV, V. B.; and SOBOLEV, Y. P.

"The Preparation of Thin Films of Plutonium Americium and Curium by an Electrolytic Method." J. Nuclear Energy 5, No. 1, 159-61, 1957.

Methods for quantitative electrodeposition of Pu, Am, and Cm, on metallic surfaces were developed. The elements were deposited as hydroxides from neutral and weakly acidic alcoholic solutions of the chlorides.

15-1957-10-14145
The Influence of Different Elements on the Fluorescence of Uranium in Sodium Fluoride

beads of NaF weighing 5 mg and containing 5×10^{-9} g of U. The elements were introduced into the bead either by mixing with NaF or with the corresponding salt, in different proportions, in case of soluble compounds, by dipping the bead of NaF, which contains a definite quantity of U, into the quenching salt solution. When using the dipping method, it is necessary to know the precise weight of the bead, inasmuch as beads of different weights take up different amounts of solution. The intensity of fluorescence is strongly influenced by the surface of the bead, which is a function of the quality of fusion, of the cooling of the bead, and also of the quantity of NaF. The elements investigated may be divided approximately into five groups, according to their influence on the fluorescence of uranium. 1) Na, K, Rb, Zn, Ti, S, Mo, W, Cl, Br, and J show essentially no effect, even in relatively large quantities. 2) Be, Ce, La, Th, P, Ni, Fe, Mn, Cu, Sr, Cd, Mg, B, Se, Cs, Zn, Ba, Li, and Si extinguish fluorescence when present in the bead in large quantities (on the order of several per cent of the weight of the bead). 3)

Card 2/3

Kosyakov, V.N.

15-1957-10-14145

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 10,
p 124 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Starik, I. Ye., Starik, F. Ye., Atrashenkok, L. Ya.,
Kostyrev, G. B., Kosyakov, V. N., Krylov, A. Ya.

TITLE: The Influence of Different Elements on the Fluorescence
of Uranium in Sodium Fluoride (Vliyaniye razlichnykh
elementov na lyuminestsentsiyu urana vo ftoristom natrii)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Radiyev. in-ta AN SSSR, 1956, vol 7, pp 114-125

ABSTRACT: The principal merits of the fluorescent method of deter-
mining U are its simplicity, speed, and high sensitivity.
It is possible to determine up to 1×10^{-10} grams of U
in the bead. The precision of the determination is gen-
erally close to 20%. In any method using different ac-
tivators, measuring devices, and sources of ultraviolet
light, impurities exert considerable influence by alter-
ing the fluorescence of the Uranium or by extinguishing
it. The influence of 45 elements on the fluorescence of
U in NaF was studied. The investigations were made on

Card 1/3

KOSYAKOV, V.N.

SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS CARD 1 / 2 PA - 1727
 AUTHOR JAKOVLEV, G.N., ČULKOV, P.M., DEDOV, V.B., KOSJAKOV, V.N., SOBOLEV, JU.P.
 TITLE The Production of Thin Layers of Plutonium, Americium, and Curium
 by the Method of Electric Deposition.
 PERIODICAL Atomnaja Energija, 1, fasc. 5, 131-132 (1956)
 Issued: 1 / 1957

For the examination of the nuclear properties of transuranium metals the authors developed a method of quantitative electric deposition of Pu, Am, and Cm on metal surfaces. Deposition occurred from neutral and slightly acid alcohol-acetone solutions of chlorides in form of hydroxides.

Apparatus: Various types of electrolyzers were used for the investigation. The glass bowls were carefully pressed immediately on to the cathode. The platinum anode is arranged strictly parallel to the cathode. With a set of glass vessels it is possible to obtain layers with different areas and of different shapes. Illustrations of electrolyzers are attached.

Experimental Methods: As to density of the depositions and quality of the layers, electrolysis of the neutral solutions furnishes compounds of trivalent chlorides. A mixture of 50% ethyle alcohol, 45% acetone, and 5% water was used as a solvent. The most effective method for the production of trivalent plutonium is the chlorination of plutonium oxide by tetrachlorine carbon vapors in a noble gas atmosphere at from 625 to 650° C. Also the production of neutral solutions of Americium and Curium chloride presents no difficulties. The qualitative separation of elements and the production of qualitatively fully satis-

YAKOVLEV, G.N., nauchnyy sotrudnik; KOSYAKOV, V.N., nauchnyy sotrudnik

[Spectrophotometric research on the behavior of americium ions in solution; reports presented by the U.S.S.R. to the International Conference on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy] Spektrofotometricheskie issledovaniia povedeniia ionov ameritsiia v rastvorakh; doklady, predstavlennye SSSR na Mezhdunarodnuu konferentsiiu po mirnomu ispol'zovaniiu atomnoi energii, 1955. 15 p. (MIRA 12:11)
(Americium)

KOSYAKOV, V.N.

DEDOV, V.B.; KOSYAKOV, V.N.

[Electrolytic deposition of plutonium, americium, and curium]
Elektroliticheskoe osazhdenie plutoniia, ameritsiia i kiuriia;
doklady, predstavlennye SSSR na Mezhdunarodnuiu konferentsiiu po
mirnomu ispol'zovaniiu atomnoi energii. Moskva, 1955. 14 p.
[Microfilm] (MIRA 9:3)
(Electrometallurgy) (Plutonium) (Americium) (Curium)

BENDERSKIY, L.S.; BYSTROV, A.M.; VASIL'YEV, N.V.; GORELIKOV, V.D.;
DANILOV, V.N.; DIVINSKIY, Yu.L.; YERMOLAYEV, V.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.M.;
FEDOROV, V.V.

Producing quality casting of magnesium alloys by means of
liquid metal filtration. Lit. proizv. no.11:37-39 N '64.
(MIRA 18:8)

L 33950-65 EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EPR(n)-2/EWA(d)/EPR/EWP(t)/EWP(b) Ps-4/Pt-10/Pu-4
IJP(c) ~~WJW/JD/SL/JG~~ 4C

ACCESSION NR: AP6049500

3/0128/64/000/011/0037/0039

AUTHOR: Benderskiy, L. S. (Engineer); By*strov, A. M.; Vasil'yev, N. V.;
Gorelikov, V. D.; Danilov, V. M.; Divinskiy, Yu. L.; Yermolayev, V. A. (Engineer);
Kosyakov, V. M.; Fedorov, V. V. (Engineer) 48 B

TITLE: Obtaining high-grade castings from magnesium alloys by filtering the liquid metal

SOURCE: Liteynoye proizvodstvo, no. 11, 1964, 37-39

TOPIC TAGS: magnesium alloy, magnesium base alloy, foundry technology, alloy casting, metal filtration

ABSTRACT: A method of obtaining high-grade castings from magnesium alloys by filtering the liquid metal was investigated. The effectiveness of filtering liquid alloy ML5 and the effect of filtration on the chemical composition, mechanical properties and structure of the alloy were determined. The investigations showed that there are no flux and slag inclusions in the fractures. The author concludes that defects from flux and slag inclusions are reduced by a factor of 12-15, and final flow is reduced by a factor of 7-8. The optimum ratio between the total area of grid openings and the total area of the cross section of the risers should be no less than 5:1. The recommended height of the filter is 60-80mm. Orig. art. has: 7 Card/2 figures and 1 table.

Paramagnetic resonance of silver...

S/056/63/044/004/016/044
B102/B186

isotopes $\Delta\nu$ and g_J (Landé factor) were measured in several series.
 $\Delta\nu = \Delta W/h$, ΔW being the energy of hyperfine splitting of the ground state ($^2S_{1/2}$) at $H=0$. The results (Table) proved very sensitive to the purity of the matrix substance. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tehnicheskii institut im. A. F. Ioffe Akademii nauk SSSR (Physicotechnical Institute imeni A. F. Ioffe of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: December 1, 1962

Atom	matrix	$\Delta\nu$, Mc Mc	$\delta(\Delta\nu)/\Delta\nu$, %	g_J
Ag ¹⁰⁷	free atom	1712,56 ± 0,04		2,00224 ± 0,00020
Ag ¹⁰⁹	free atom	1976,94 ± 0,04		2,00224 ± 0,00020
Ag ¹⁰⁷	H ₂ O	1736,0 ± 2,1	+1,42	2,0021 ± 0,0005
Ag ¹⁰⁹	H ₂ O	2004,7 ± 2,9	+1,40	2,0020 ± 0,0006
Ag ¹⁰⁷	C ₂ H ₅ OH	1500,3 ± 2,4	-12,39	2,0003 ± 0,0008
Ag ¹⁰⁹	C ₂ H ₅ OH	1733,0 ± 2,3	-12,36	2,0004 ± 0,0009

Card 2/2

S/056/63/044/004/016/044
B102/B186

AUTHORS: Zhitnikov, R. A., Kolesnikov, N. V., ~~Kosyakov, V. I.~~

TITLE: Paramagnetic resonance of silver atoms trapped in polar media at 77°K

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 44, no. 4, 1963, 1204 - 1210

TEXT: Previous investigations (ZhETF, 43, 1186, 1962) on the paramagnetic resonance of silver atoms trapped in non-polar media were continued; the method of measurement was the same. The difference consisted in the media used: first nonpolar media (solid at room temperature) were used, and then polar ones (liquid at room temperature): distilled water and absolute ethyl alcohol. The measurements were made with a radiospectroscope (3-cm band) with h-f modulation of the magnetic field. The constant magnetic field was measured with an accuracy of 10^{-4} by the nuclear magnetic resonance method.

For each of the silver isotopes (Ag^{107} , Ag^{109} , $I = 1/2$) there are four Zeeman fine structure levels between which two resonance levels are possible in strong fields: $(F=1, m=1) \leftrightarrow (F=0, m=0)$ and $(F=1, m=0) \leftrightarrow (F=1, m=1)$. For both

Card 1/2

S/056/62/043/004/011/061
B100/B100

Paramagnetic resonance ...

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk
USSR (Leningrad Physicotechnical Institute of the Academy of
Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: May 9, 1962

Referend to the tables: (1) die material; (2) commercial paraffin; (3) free;
(4) type of spectrum (A, B); (5) mc/sec.

Table 1.

АТОМ	Матрица (1)	Тип спект- ра (2)	ν , МГц (3)	H_1 , Ос	H_2 , Ос	$\delta H = H_2 - H_1$, Ос	
Ag ¹⁰⁷	Техниче- ский парафин (2)	A	9600,0±0,5	3086,0±0,3	3710,3±0,3	623,4±0,8	
Ag ¹⁰⁹		A	9600,0±0,5	3028,5±0,3	3750,1±0,3	721,6±0,6	
Ag ¹⁰⁷		B	9600,0±0,5	3107,2±0,7	3634,6±0,6	587,4±1,3	
Ag ¹⁰⁹		B	9600,0±0,5	3051,2±1,2	3732,0±0,7	680,8±1,9	
Ag ¹⁰⁷		A	9503,9±0,5	3052,1±0,3	3675,8±0,6	623,7±0,9	
Ag ¹⁰⁹		C ₂₀ H ₄₂	A	9503,9±0,5	2993,8±0,3	3715,7±0,3	721,9±0,8
Ag ¹⁰⁷		C ₂₀ H ₄₂	A	9500,6±0,5	3087,6±0,3	3712,8±0,5	625,2±0,8
Ag ¹⁰⁹		C ₁₇ H ₃₄	A	9500,6±0,5	3028,7±0,5	3752,6±0,5	723,0±1,0
Ag ¹⁰⁹		C ₁₇ H ₃₄	A	9500,6±0,5	3028,7±0,5	3752,6±0,5	723,0±1,0

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Paramagnetic resonance ...

S/056/62/043/004/011/061
B102/B180

ond transition. These values were used to calculate $\Delta\nu$ and the Landé
fact^r g_J by

$$\nu = -\Delta\nu \left\{ \frac{1}{2}(1+x_1^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2}(1-x_1) - \frac{g_I\beta H_1}{h\Delta\nu} \right\}, \quad (3)$$

$$\nu = -\Delta\nu \left\{ \frac{1}{2}(1+x_2^2)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}(1+x_2) - \frac{g_I\beta H_2}{h\Delta\nu} \right\};$$

$$x_1 = (g_J - g_I)\beta H_1 / h\Delta\nu, \quad x_2 = (g_J - g_I)\beta H_2 / h\Delta\nu,$$

$x = (g_J - g_I)\beta H / \Delta W$ is a dimensionless quantity proportional to the magnetic field, $g_I = -\mu_I / \beta I$, the nuclear gyromagnetic ratio, A is the hyperfine interaction constant, μ_I the nuclear magnetic moment, and $\Delta W = Y_2(2I+1)A$, the hyperfine splitting of the atomic ground state energy level for $H=0$, β is Bohr's magneton. As there is little difference between the $\Delta\nu$ and g_J values for trapped and free silver atoms, the trapped atoms can be treated as free ones with slightly perturbed electron shells. The die material has little effect on the spectrum. The two different types of spectra of the trapped silver atoms show that at $77^\circ K$ they are in two different places in the paraffin structure. At room temperature they withdraw and the paramagnetic resonance vanishes completely and irreversibly. There are 4 figures and 2 tables.

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41122

S/036/62/043/004/011/061
B102/B190

447745

AUTHORS: Zhitnikov, R. A., Kolesnikov, N. V., Kosyakov, V. I.

TITLE: Paramagnetic resonance in free silver atoms trapped in non-polar media at 77°K

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 43, no. 4(10), 1962, 1196 - 1196

TEXT: The method of paramagnetic resonance has hitherto been used only for trapped hydrogen or nitrogen atoms. The measurements were made with a 3-cm band radiospectroscope with rf modulation (975 kc) of the permanent magnetic field, a cylindrical H_{011} resonator and an automatic recording device. The specimens were prepared in the radiospectroscope cavity by vacuum evaporation of the silver from a molybdenum coil and a paraffin from a glass heater with condensation on the bottom of a 77°K quartz Dewar flask. The $Ag^{107}:Ag^{109}$ ratio was 51.9:48.1. The experimental results are given in Table 1. H_1 and H_2 are the magnetic field strengths for the first and sec-

Card 1/3

ISUPOV, V.A.; KOSYAKOV, V.I.

Dielectric polarization and piezoelectric properties of some
seignettelectric solid solutions made from sodium niobate.
Fiz. tver. tela 1 no.6:929-934 Je '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Institut poluprovodnikov AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Sodium niobate) Ferroelectric substances)

Dielectric Polarization and the Piezoelectric Properties 007/57-28-16-12/40
of Ferroelectric Solid Solutions of Calcium-, Strontium- and Barium
Metaniobates in Lead Metaniobate

of barium and strontium metaniobate exhibit high piezo-
electric properties. Several of the piezoelectric
characteristics of a number of mixtures are stable in a
wide temperature range. There are 2 figures and 9 refer-
ences, 7 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: May 10, 1958

Card 5/3

Dielectric Polarization and the Piezoelectric Properties SOV/57-28-10-12/40
of Ferroelectric Solid Solutions of Calcium-, Strontium- and Barium
Metaniobates in Lead Metaniobate

40 molar %. The Curie-point of these solid solutions decreases in the range of 0-20% of calcium metaniobate content, whereas it remains constant in the range of 20-40% of calcium metaniobate. The dielectric constant of the solid solutions in question is relatively small. 2) The degree of spontaneous polarization exhibited by polycrystalline samples of some solid solutions is very high as compared to that of polycrystalline samples of barium titanate, indicating a pronounced tendency of lead metaniobate towards spontaneous polarization. When measurements were conducted with samples of a 40% content of BaNb_2O_6 a value of the spontaneous polarization of 21 micro-Coulomb/cm² was obtained. 3) The curves of the temperature dependence of the resonance frequency of solid solutions of strontium metaniobate in lead metaniobate exhibit a kink at negative temperatures. The maxima of the characteristics of the piezoelectric properties of the mixtures in question are found in the vicinity of this temperature. 4) The solid solutions

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24(6)

AUTHORS:

Isupov, V. A., Kosyakov, V. I.

SOV/57-28-10-12/40

TITLE:

Dielectric Polarization and the Piezoelectric Properties of Ferroelectric Solid Solutions of Calcium-, Strontium- and Barium Metaniobates in Lead Metaniobate (Dielektricheskaya polyarizatsiya i p'yezoelektricheskiye svoystva segneto-elektricheskikh tverdykh rastvorov metaniobatov kal'tsiya, strontsiya i bariya v metaniobate svintsa)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, Vol 28, Nr 10, 1977
pp 2175 - 2185 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is an investigation of the dependence of the Curie-temperature of polycrystalline samples of solid solutions of calcium metaniobates in lead metaniobate upon the content of calcium metaniobate. The authors used samples of the system lead metaniobate - barium metaniobate - strontium metaniobate (which were produced for the work covered by reference 5, that paper also presenting a description of the method of production). Summary: 1) Solid solutions of calcium metaniobate in lead metaniobate are produced at a content of CaNb_2O_6 of not less than

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L 26096-66

ACC NR: AP6013505

a capacitor for variation of the oscillator frequency in the IMI-2. During scanning of the magnetic field, an error signal appears at the output of the phase detector in the magnetometer. After amplification, this signal causes the motor to change the oscillator frequency in the magnetometer so that resonance conditions are maintained. The basic element in the field pip generating circuit is a 526U heterodyne wavemeter. The voltage from the oscillator in the IMI-2 is fed to an NVL-3 vacuum-tube millivoltmeter. The amplified voltage then goes to the input of the 526U wavemeter where the oscillator frequency is mixed with the heterodyne frequency. The best signals, which result when the oscillator frequency is a multiple of the heterodyne frequency, are the magnetic field pips. After amplification and detection in a 28IM low-frequency amplifier, these pips are recorded together with the electron paramagnetic resonance spectrum on the microwave spectrometer chart. The intervals between pips may be varied within a range of 30 to 60 oersteds. Fields of 1400-3800 oersteds may be calibrated. The relative error in calibration is $3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ or less. Alignment and operating procedure are described as well as some characteristics of the device. Some possibilities for improvement of the circuit are discussed. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 09Mar65/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001 [14]

ATD PRESS: 4254

Card 2/2 *cl*

L 26096-66 EEC(k)-2/EWA(h)/EWT(1)

ACC NR: AP6013505

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/002/0093/0095

AUTHOR: Bukin, I. I.; Kosyakov, V. I.; Maksimov, V. L.; Nedovodiyev, E. V. 56

ORG: Leningrad Polytechnical Institute (Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut) B

TITLE: An automatic magnetic field calibrator for electron paramagnetic resonance microwave spectrometers

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 2, 1966, 93-95

TOPIC TAGS: EPR spectrometer, microwave spectroscopy, magnetometer, phase detector

ABSTRACT: A circuit is given for an instrument⁵ which automatically calibrates the magnetic field for electron paramagnetic resonance spectrometers. One of the main advantages of the circuit is that it may be assembled from standard components which are available in chemistry and physics laboratories engaged in electron paramagnetic resonance research. The device is conditionally divided into two functional units: 1. a system for automatically tracking the change in the magnetic field of the spectrometer; 2. a circuit for generating the field pips. The basic element in the first section is a standard IMI-2 magnetometer. The nuclear resonance signal from the phase detector of the magnetometer is fed to the input of a UE-119 amplifier. The output voltage from the amplifier is the supply for a reversible RD-09 motor with a 1/15.62 speed reducer. The motor shaft is connected through a clutch to the vernier shaft of

Card 1/2

UDC: 539.28.078

AFANAS'YEV, N.V.; KOSYAKOV, V.F.

Device for determining the flowability of molding mixtures.
Lit. proizv. no.1:19-20 Ja '62. (MIRA 16:8)

(Sand, Foundry--Testing)

KOSYAKOV, V.F.

Flow ratio of molding mixtures. Lit.proizv. no.7:41-43 J1 '61.
(MIRA 14:7)

(Sand, Foundry)

SOV/128-59-10-14/24

Fluidity Tests of Sand Mixes

large section is put over it (Fig.10b). The whole device is put under a laboratory standardized drop hammer with a hammer head of weight Q' . After this, the device is turned 180° , so that now the top is at the bottom. The small bashing is extracted (Fig.10v) and the device is put under the drop hammer again which pounds three times with the weight Q'' on the top of the cylinder. In the cylinder, there will be a small bashing again and from the clearance h (Fig.9) the height h' is determined. The results of the comparative tests are shown in Fig.11. For control purposes, the same tests were conducted under similar conditions and static load. The results are shown in Fig.12. All these results were evaluated statistically (Fig.13). There are 4 diagrams, 9 graphs and 5 references, 4 of which are Soviet and 1 American.

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SOV/128-59-10-14/24

18(5)

AUTHORS: Afanas'yev, N.V., and Kosyakov, V.F., Engineers

TITLE: Fluidity Tests of Sand Mixes

PERIODICAL: Liteynoye proizvodstvo, 1959, Nr 10, pp 37-40 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors present a new method of fluidity tests on sand mixes. At first, the following known methods were tried out: 1) The AFA method (Ditert); 2) the SFL method ("Soyuzformolit'ye" by P.P. Berg, O.V. Kolacheva and K.V. Krylova); 3) the methods of S.A. Skomorokhov and L.N. Cherkasov; 4) the method of Keyl. The tests showed that the AFA and SFL methods do not enable determination of the regular change of fluidity which depends on a change of the mix composition. For this reason the authors present a new method which is called the method of the BITM (Bryanskiy Institut transportnogo mashinostroyeniya (Bryansk Institute of Transport Machine Construction)) (Authors Certification Nr 115309). This method is based on the brittleness of the tested mixes. Figs. 9 and 10 show the testing device. 160 g of the mixes which are to be tested are put into the cylinder with a small section. The cylinder with a

Card 1/2

KOSYAKOV, V. F.

"Casting Bronze Linings in Steel Bearing Shells."
Liteynoe Delo, 1939, no. 1, pp. 41-42.

K. describes a method of simultaneously casting bronze in 20 bearings, resulting in economy of labour and reduction in the loss of metal and in moulding area.

SLOBODIN, V.M.; IVANYUK, Yu.I.; KUZOVLEV, P.P.; NAGAYEV, Yu.I.; LUPANOVA, T.F.;
MESHCHANINOV, S.I.; BRYUKNOV, Yu.A.; SYCHEVA, F.A.; KOSYAKOV, P.O.,
red.; ZANOVA, K.H., red. izd-va; TAMKOVA, H.F., tekhn. red.

[Distribution and specialization of agriculture in Chelyabinsk
Province] Razmeshchenie i spetsializatsiia sel'skogo khoziaistva
Cheliabinskoi oblasti. Sverdlovsk, AN SSSR, 1963. 204 p.
(MIRA 16:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Ural'skiy filial, Sverdlovsk. Otdel
ekonomicheskikh issledovaniy.
(Chelyabinsk Province--Agriculture--Economic aspects)

SMOLONOGOV, Ye.P.; NIKULIN, V.I.; KOLESNIKOV, B.P., prof., doktor
biol. nauk, otv. red.; KOSYAKOV, P.O., kand. ekon. nauk,
otv. red.; PAL'MIN, M.Z., tekhn. red.

[Natural and economic conditions of the utilization of
forests in the southern part of the Ural Area of the Ob'
Valley] Prirodnye i ekonomicheskie uslovia ekspluatatsii
lesov v iuzhnoi chasti Ural'skogo Priob'ia. Sverdlovsk,
AN SSSR, 1963. 119 p. (MIRA 16:8)
(Ob' Valley--Forests and forestry--Economic aspects)

ZHUKOV, Aleksey Vasil'yevich; PYKHOVA, I.A., retsenezent; KOSYAKOV,
P.O., red.; TSYMBALIST, N.N., red. izd-va; KOROL, V.P.,
tekhn. red.

[Measuring labor productivity in refractory enterprises] Iz-
merenie proizvoditel'nosti truda na ognepornykh predpriati-
iakh. Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1963. 102 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(Refractories industry--Labor productivity)

LAZUTKIN, Ye.S.; RUSANOV, Ye.S.; EYDEL'MAN, R.A.; TRUBNIKOV, S.V.; KAPLAN,
I.I.; ZAGORODNIKOV, M.I.; GOL'TSOV, A.N.; TATARINOVA, N.I.; SONIN,
M.Ya.; SHISHKIN, N.I., doktor geogr.nauk; ANTOSENKOV, Ye.G.;
ZHRMYKHOVA, I.I.; KOSYAKOV, P.O.; MATROZOVA, I.I.; ZELENSKIY, G.N.;
SEMENKOV, Ya.S.; ZALKIND, A.I., red.; RUSANOV, Ye.S., red.; SHTEYNER,
A.V., red.; MIKHAL'CHENKO, N.Z., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Manpower of the U.S.S.R.; problems in distribution and utilization]
Trudovye resursy SSSR; problemy raspredeleniia i ispol'zovaniia. Pod
red. N.I.Shishkina. Moskva, Izd-vo ekon.lit-ry, 1961. 243 p. (MIRA 14:12)

Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut.
(Manpower)

AVINYYA, P. S.; KORYABOV, V. M.

EFFECT OF GENE TRANSFERENCE ON THE IMMUNOLOGICAL REACTION OF
PHAGOCYTES IN WOMEN. *Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR Ser. Biol. Med. Sci.*
1969. (1969:147-51)

1. Immunoprotektivnaya funktsiya (ser. Yezh. 1969:147-51)
TSentral'nyy nauchno issledovaniy institut immunologii i teoreticheskoy
fiziologii (Pr. - Institut Fiziol.) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya
SSSR, Moskva.